Unique Paper Code	: 62347502
Name of Course	: B.A. Programme CBCS (2015 Onwards)
Name of the Paper	: Programming with Python (DSE)
Semester	: V
Duration: 3 Hours	

Maximum Marks: 75

NOTE FOR TYPESETTER: Please do not change the font and spacing of text written in courier.

Instructions for Candidates

Attempt any Four Questions. All Questions carry equal marks.

1. Differentiate between (i) class and object (ii) constructor and destructor.

Is a data member accessible outside the class? If yes, how to access the data member? If not, why?

Define a class Box that has the three data members Width, Height and Depth and following methods:

Methods:

- Constructor to initialize the data members Width, Height and Depth
- Volume This computes volume of the box
- ______ function to generate a string that may be used to display the data members of the box.

Also, write Python statements to:

- Create an object of the class Box with suitable values.
- Invoke the method Volume
- Print all the data members of the class

2. Apply the Bubble Sort scheme of sorting on the following list to sort it in ascending order. Show the content of the list after applying each iteration of Bubble sort: = [74, 31, 82, 25, 63, 96, 49, 11].

How many iterations are required to sort the list? What is the number of comparisons performed in each iteration?

Apply Binary search to search for the item 50 in the sorted list. You should show the computation of the index at which the value is compared with 50. When will you prefer to use binary search over linear search? Justify your answer.

- 3. The following operations are performed on a stack in the sequence given ٠ here (assume stack is initially empty): push('Red'), push('Green'), push('White'), pop(), pop(), pop(). Show the content of the stack after each operation. What will happen if one more pop operation is performed on the stack? Can this condition be prevented?
 - A print application processes the print jobs in the first come, first served manner. Suggest a suitable data structure for the print application. What are the permissible operations on the suggested data structure?
- Write a Python function moveOdd (L1, L2) that accepts two lists L1 and L2. List L1 consists of integers and list L2 is initially empty. The function moveOdd removes the odd integers from the list L1 and moveS them to the list L2. Write python statements to apply the function moveOdd on the list L1: [31, 28, 63, 86, 15, 79, 44, 52]. What will be the content of list L1 and L2 after the execution of moveOdd function for the list L1?
 - Use modified list L1 and write the python command to:
 - o display last three elements,
 - middle two elements
 - o delete element at index 1
 - \circ reverse the order of the elements in the list
 - insert the list [21, 56] at the end of the list
 - Write a Python function smallerXY(X,Y) that accepts two integers X and Y and returns the smaller of two. Write another function smallerXYZ(X,Y,Z) that uses the function smallerXY to find minimum of three numbers X, Y, Z.
 - Give the output that will be produced on execution of following code segment :

a = 12 # 12 in binary: 0000 1100 b = 7 # 7 in binary: 0000 0111 b = a & b print(b) a = a | b print(a) b = a ^ b print(b) a = ~b print(a) print(b

5.

• Give the output that will be produced on execution of following code segment :

```
def add(a=3, b=5, c=7):
    return(a+b+c)

print(add())
print(add(7))
print(add(6,8))
print(add(2,4,5))
print(add(c=9))
```

- Write a Python program that contains function main and function occurs(s, ch). Function occurs(s, ch) accepts a string s and a character ch as arguments and returns the number of occurrences of character ch in the string s. The main function reads a string and a character from the keyboard, calls function occurs and prints the number of occurrences of the character. Do not use a built-in function to find occurrence of the character.
 - Give the output that will be produced on execution of following code segment:

```
s1 = 'I am an instance of a string!!'
print(s1[-13:-21])
print(s1.title())
print(s1.find('of'))
print(s1.isalpha())
print(s1.count('a'))
```

```
• Consider:
```

```
set1 = set(['P','Q','M','O' ])
set2 = set(['R','P','N','S','O' ])
```

Give the output that will be produced on execution of the following code segment:

```
print(set2 | set1)
print(set2 - set1)
print(set2 & set1)
print('X' in set2)
```

6.